

Nearly Two Million
more WORLDS were printed
in November, 1892, than in
same month last year. The
exact gain is
1,965,880.

PRICE ONE CENT.

LAST EDITION. DARK FOR GARDNER.

Held in \$7,500 for Examination
on Two Charges.

Both Allege Extortion, a State
Prison Offense.

Dr. Parkhurst Does Not Wait to
Hear His Superintendent Plead.

Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst, serene and with
unclouded face, sat beside Police Justice
McMahon on the Tombs court bench this
morning and watched with interest the grilling
of that grisly of human misery, wretchedness
and degradation that comes to this mill
of justice every day.

The last case of all was that of Charles W.
Gardner, chief of executives for Dr. Parkhurst's
own Society for the Prevention of
Crime, charged with bleeding a woman, the
keeper of a disorderly house out of two
monthly payments of \$50 each for protection
from arrest, and \$150 in a lump for saving
her from an indictment and conviction for
violating the law.

Dr. Parkhurst did not sit judicially, for he
had already proclaimed his belief that the
arrest and prosecution of Gardner was a mere
on the part of Supt. Byrnes and the Police
Department against his Society in retaliation
for their exposure of alleged police
incompetence and dishonesty.

Justice McMahon did not sit judicially, for he
had already proclaimed his belief that the
arrest and prosecution of Gardner was a mere
on the part of Supt. Byrnes and the Police
Department against his Society in retaliation
for their exposure of alleged police
incompetence and dishonesty.

FRENCH CRISIS NOT OVER.

Danger of Split Over the Powers
of the Panama Committee.

M. Ribot's New Cabinet Meets and
Draws Up a Programme.

PARIS, Dec. 6.—The new Cabinet formed by
M. Ribot held its first meeting today. A
draft of the policy of the Ministry was ap-
proved and the programme will be read in
the Chamber of Deputies when that body re-
assembles on Thursday.

The Ministers have agreed regarding the
Panama inquiry that a distinct line shall be
drawn between the powers of the Judiciary
and Legislature.

A Council will be held at the Palace of the
Chancellery this evening at which the statement
to be made to the Chamber of Deputies will be
re-considered on Thursday.

The Panama Committee will support in the
Chamber of Deputies the bill which gives to
the committee the right to summon
witnesses, to punish those who commit per-
jury or make libelous denunciations, or who
refuse to give evidence, and who are guilty
of contempt of the committee. The bill also
gives the committee power to issue warrants
for the searching of houses and the seizure of
documents.

The committee also wants power to demand
from the judicial authorities whatever papers
it may need in cases that have been tried or
disputed without trial.

It is reported that M. Ribot, the new Prime
Minister, will not assent to granting the Com-
mittee the extraordinary powers involved in the
bill. If the Chamber of Deputies refuses to
accept modifications in the measure the
Government will most likely resign, and it is
highly probable that the Chamber will be
dissolved.

The new French Ministry, as formed by
M. Ribot, is a reproduction of the Loubet Cab-
inet, except that M. Charles Duguy, Deputy
from the Haute-Loire, will be Minister of
Public Instruction, and that, according to
tradition, M. Ribot will be Minister of
Commerce and M. Loubet, Minister of Jus-
tice and Public Worship.

The protectionist policy will be main-
tained.

CHARLEY MITCHELL IN JAIL.

His Appeal Withdrawn and the Sen-
tence of Two Months Confirmed.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—This was the day fixed for
the hearing of the appeal of Charley Mitchell,
the pugilist, by Judge Sir Peter Edlin in the
Clerkenwell Sessions. Mitchell, it will be
remembered, was sentenced in the Bow Street
Police Court on Oct. 7 last to two months' im-
prisonment at hard labor for brutally as-
saulting, without provocation, the keeper
of a lodging-house in the Strand.

Mitchell looked bright and comparatively
cheerful in court. He was neatly attired in a
morning coat and wore a cane in a button
hole.

His counsel stated that Mitchell wished to
withdraw his appeal and to serve out the
sentence imposed on him by the police magis-
trate. Judge Edlin silently scrutinized the
pugilist.

After a little time he asked Mitchell if he
had anything to say for himself. Mitchell
replied that he did not wish any
delay in beginning to serve his sentence.
Judge Edlin thereupon confirmed the sen-
tence of the police court and imposed the
costs of the appeal on the prisoner.

Mitchell was at once taken to a cell by
warders. His father-in-law, "Pony" Moore,
waited him and bade him good-bye. Shortly
afterwards Mitchell was placed in the van and
taken to Pentonville prison.

The streets in the vicinity of the court-
room were crowded with men of the class to
which the fighter belongs, and as he was
driven off to jail cheers were given for him.

AT THE MERSEY'S MOUTH.

Norwegian Bark Lost in a Gale
with all on Board.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 6.—A very heavy gale pre-
valing in the vicinity and a tremendous sea
at the mouth of the Mersey River, making it
extremely dangerous for vessels to
enter or clear the river.

This morning a Norwegian bark ran
aground on Burbo Bank and went down
before the Hebeats reached her.

When the Hebeats reached the scene of the
wreck a living person could be found.

The vessel was the Norwegian bark Drin-
ningen, bound from Fleetwood for this port.

Course of the Centre Party in the
Reichstag Towards the Army Bill.

BERLIN, Dec. 6.—The members of the Centre
party in the Reichstag have decided in con-
ference to vote for the first reading of the
Army Bill. The dissenting minority was
found to consist only of the Southern Ultra-
montanes, who wield small influence. The
Army Bill will not cause a split in the party.
Considerable importance attaches to this
decision of the Centre, and there is no
doubt that it was due to the Vatican refusing
to furnish interference with the Centre's
attitude towards the bill.

WATSON'S FIGHT FOR HIS SEAT.

To Prosecute Illegal Voting Cases to
Return to Congress.

After a speech by Sir C. Wilson, a
Member of the British delegation, Mr. Hol-
land announced that he withdrew his
name from the further consideration of the
Conference.

CAPTAINS SWAP STATIONS.

Creeden and Haughey Transferred
by the Police Board.

The Police Commissioners to-day made the
following transfers:

Capt. Creeden from the Mercer street
station to Mulberry street.

Capt. Haughey, from the Mulberry street
station to Mercer street.

**THE BROOKLYN
EVENING EDITION**

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1892.

BLAZED FIVE HOURS. PRETTY ELLEN SLAIN.

A Stubborn Fire in Reado Street
This Morning.

One Big Building Gilted and Two
Others Water-Soaked.

The Loss Estimated at Not Less
Than \$130,000.

A fire which tried the patience of twelve
companies of firemen and stubbornly resisted
as heavy streams of water for nearly five
hours, broke out in the book-binding of the
Industrial Printing and Binding Company, on
the third floor rear of 30 Reado street, at
4.45 this morning.

The building is five stories high and has a
hardly front. It extends no feet back to
Manhattan street, which opens between 34
and 36 Reado street, forming an L which
ends at Elm street.

The ground floor and basement are occu-
pied by Broom & Pease, manufacturing sta-
tioners. They had their offices on the first
floor up front, the rear being occupied by
the American Manufacturing and Publishing
Company and the Industrial Printing and
Binding Company.

The building was completely gutted and the
stock and expensive presses and printing
 paraphernalia from cellar to garret is a
total loss.

The building No. 32 extends back from the
street only five feet. A space of twenty feet
is left for a light and air shaft. It is located
on the alley side of the building.

The fire extended to this and gutted it also.
It was also occupied by the Industrial Print-
ing and Binding Company.

The front of the ground floor was occupied
by the Industrial Printing and Binding Com-
pany. The rear of the ground floor was occu-
pied by the American Manufacturing and Pub-
lishing Company and the Industrial Printing
and Binding Company.

The second floor was occupied by the Amer-
ican Manufacturing and Publishing Company
and the Industrial Printing and Binding Com-
pany. The third floor was occupied by the
Industrial Printing and Binding Company.

The fourth and fifth floors were occu-
pied by the American Manufacturing and Pub-
lishing Company and the Industrial Printing
and Binding Company.

The sixth floor was occupied by the Amer-
ican Manufacturing and Publishing Company
and the Industrial Printing and Binding Com-
pany.

The seventh floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The eighth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The ninth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The tenth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The eleventh floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The twelfth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The thirteenth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The fourteenth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The fifteenth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The sixteenth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The seventeenth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The eighteenth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The nineteenth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The twentieth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The twenty-first floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The twenty-second floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The twenty-third floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The twenty-fourth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The twenty-fifth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The twenty-ninth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The thirtieth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The thirty-first floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The thirty-second floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The thirty-third floor was occupied by the Amer-
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The thirty-ninth floor was occupied by the Amer-
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MISS NEWTON'S BODY FOUND IN A CREEK NEAR MOUNT VERNON.

Belief that She Lost Her Life in
Defense of Her Honor.

Her Movements Yesterday Traced
by an "Evening World" Reporter.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Dec. 6.—Corner
Drew's physicians, Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Wicks,
this noon began a post-mortem examination
on the dead body of a young, nineteen-year-old
Ellen Newton, of 1787 Tenth avenue,
New York city, who was found drowned yester-
day afternoon in the East Chester Creek,
near John Weber's Hotel "Inverness-on-the-
Sound," over a mile from this city.

Around her waist was tightly tied a clothes
line, to the end of which were attached two
stones, each weighing 35 pounds.

It is evidently a case of murder, but the
motive is yet in doubt.

The girl's father, George Newton, a mer-
chant tailor, of 1787 Tenth avenue, New
York, came to Mount Vernon this morning
and positively identified the body. He be-
lieves his daughter was decoyed to come
down to the creek.

It is not improbable that the girl was
criminally assaulted and then strangled by
her assailant before her body was thrown
into the creek.

Whether or not this was the case will be
determined by the autopsy to be held this
afternoon by Coroner Drews and his assist-
ants.

One thing is certain: Although the girl had
been missing from her home since Sunday,
she was alive and well at 1 o'clock yesterday
afternoon. The body was found about five
miles from her home, and it is probable that
she had called yesterday morning at the shop of
Tailor A. Kearns, on Fourth avenue, this city,
and applied for employment. She had since
worked for Kearns.

Tailor Kearns had nothing for her to do, and
had no recollection of her coming to his shop.
Mrs. Kearns, near the Mount Vernon
depot of the New Haven road,

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OUR REPUBLICAN FRIENDS IN CONGRESS ARE NOT AS PRETTY AS THEY WERE, BUT THEY KNOW MORE.

CERTAIN OF LIZZIE'S GUILT. HE NETTLED THE MAYOR.

Fire Commissioner Robbins Says
His Department Is Broke.

A Lively Meeting of the Board of
Estimate To-Day.

The Board of Estimate decided today to
begin the consideration of the final estimates
for the budget of 1893 on Dec. 19, when the
members of the Board will be heard.

The estimates must be approved by noon
on Dec. 31.

Fire Commissioner S. Howard Robbins
caused a stir by declaring that if the Board
should not order \$14,000 from the building
fund for horse feed, etc., the department
could not pay its bills.

The Board was not inclined to favor the
request, and Mr. Robbins said:

"If you put it that way, I say you have
violated the law and you are not entitled to
the money."

The matter was referred to the Com-
ptroller.

School Commissioner Strauss called for a
sharp expression of opinion from Council-
man Harbo, when he asked for \$7,000 for
repairs on the school ship, Mary.

Mr. Harbo thought the money could be in-
vested to better advantage. It was no use
sending the St. Marys on a Winter cruise
when children were to be put to school.

The matter went through.

Mr. Harbo thought the money could be in-
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I Want That \$500.00.
I estimate that the average number of copies
of The World printed per day during 1892 will
be found to have been.....

Name.....
Address.....
DECEMBER 6.—Address The World, Box 2,354, N. Y.

LAST EDITION.

HIS LAST
MESSAGE.

President Harrison on
the State of the
Nation.

AND THE WORK OF FOUR YEARS

Parting Words for High Tariff
November's Verdict
Recognized.

NEW MAIL SUBSIDIES URGED.

Also Continued Work on the
New Navy—Chief Accom-
plishments of the De-
partments.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—A message to
Congress, presented today, the President
says:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

In submitting my annual message to Con-
gress I have great satisfaction in being able
to say that the general conditions affecting
the country are such as to give the highest de-
gree of favorability. A comparison of the existing
conditions with those of the year 1887, the last
year in the history of the country, will I
believe, show that so high a degree of pros-
perity and so general a diffusion of the com-
forts of life were never before enjoyed by our
people.

Total wealth of the country in 1887
was \$10,000,000,000. In 1890 it amounted
to \$12,000,000,000, an increase of 20 per
cent.

The total mileage of railways in the United
States in 1887 was 30,000 miles. In 1890 it
was 35,000 miles, an increase of 16.6 per cent.
It is estimated that there will be about 4,000
miles of track added by the close of the year
1892.

The official returns of the Eleventh Census
show an increase of 44 per cent in the popu-
lation of the United States since 1870. The
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In 1887 the capital invested in manufacturing
was \$1,000,000,000. In 1890 it amounted
to \$1,500,000,000, an increase of 50 per cent.
In 1887 the number of employees was 1,500,000.